# **Online Safety**

#### **Email Tips and Tricks**

- ✓ Emails may not really be from the address shown. Be careful!
- ✓ Don't click links in emails unless you are SURE of who it comes from and that it's safe. Instead type them in yourself.
- Mouse over a link (don't click) to see where it goes. It may be to a different site!
- Don't download or click on ANY attachments you aren't sure about.
- ✓ Beware of emails with bad spelling or grammar or scare tactics.

### **Phony URLs**

- ✓ If you are logging in or entering any secure information, site should start with https://.
- ✓ Look for URLs that have slight misspellings or irregularities (e.g. amazoncom.com)
- ✓ Look for URLs that aren't the real site addresses.
  - Wrong site (e.g. www.getadiscount.com instead of https://www.wellsfargo.com)
  - IP address numbers instead of words (e.g. http://27.251.96.35 instead of https://www.wellsfargo.com
  - The ending isn't the real site. (e.g. wellsfargo.getadiscount.com instead of https://www.wellsfargo.com

### **Anti-Virus Software**

- Norton us.norton.com
- Bitdefender\* www.bitdefender.com
- Avast\* www.avast.com
- Avira\* www.avira.com
- McAfee www.mcafee.com

#### DO REGULAR UPDATES!

\* Free version available.

## **Other Safety Tips**

- ✓ Update your software when prompted.
- Don't send confidential information like credit card data on public computers.
- Always sign out from your accounts on public computers, and don't save your user name or passwords.
- ✓ For online purchases or any other personal information site, look for https://
- ✓ If you are contacted by email or phone regarding something sensitive, don't respond to the initiated contact, but instead contact the supposed source yourself.
- ✓ Listen for news on major security breaches.
- ✓ Review password guidelines.